

Electrical Safety – Ways to Avoid Injury, Death or Fire

Exhibitors should order their electrical fittings from the appointed contractor. In the event of an electrical failure, the matter must be reported to the organisers' office.

DO NOT tamper with the fuse board. Only qualified electricians may access the fuse box. Ask for help at the service desk.





DO NOT coil up your cables. Unroll them to ensure they don't heat up or have them cut to a suitable length.

DO NOT wrap cable around metal objects. The cable should be clipped to the top edge of the stand as part of your lighting connection.





DO NOT plug everything in one outlet and DO NOT plug one lead into another. This causes overheating and may blow the fuse. Order enough sockets for your needs. Remember: 1×500 watt socket = 1×4 way extension lead

DO NOT use multi-way adaptors. These are not suitable for use in commercial premises. Use an extension lead.





DO NOT allow conductors to become exposed. The inner coloured sheathing is to protect the conductors; the outer sheathing is to protect you.

DO NOT let cables drop to the floor unprotected. Exposed cables must be in a conduit or mini trunking.





All electrical equipment intended for use on stands must be PAT tested and labelled accordingly.

Cables must not run under carpet. If they run across the floor ensure they are covered by conduit or protective ramping (tape is not acceptable). Cable ramping stops trips and prevents damage.





All lighting must be kept at least 300mm away from fabric ceilings and other combustibles. All light fittings must be secured appropriately and heavy light fittings must have a secondary means of support.

Ask us and we will help you get it right!

Note: Fixings to the structure of the building is not allowed at any time